

BEGIN — APRIL 29, 1961

30.24- 609

A136'WX

BULLETIN

TROOPS

7-24

WASHINGTON, APRIL 29 (AP)—THE PLANNED AIRLIFT OF 6,000 COMBAT READY TROOPS FROM THE UNITED STATES TO WEST GERMANY BEGINNING MONDAY AS PART OF A NATO EXERCISE HAS BEEN SUDDENLY CALLED OFF, OFFICIALS SAID TONIGHT.

THE DECISION TO CALL OFF THE AIRLIFT WAS TAKEN THIS AFTERNOON, PENTAGON SOURCES REPORTED, AND APPARENTLY FOLLOWED THE CONFERENCE PRESIDENT KENNEDY HAD TODAY WITH THE NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL AND OTHER OFFICIALS ON THE SITUATION IN LAOS.

WHITE HOUSE SOURCES INDICATED THE HALTING OF THE TROOP AIRLIFT WAS A DIRECT RESULT OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL MEETING.

THE TROOPS WERE TO HAVE BEEN FLOWN FROM FT. CAMPBELL, KY. THE DEMONSTRATION OF NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION STRENGTH WOULD HAVE COINCIDED WITH HUGE MAY DAY CELEBRATIONS IN MOSCOW AND OTHER COMMUNIST CAPITALS, WHERE MILITARY POWER DISPLAYS ARE TO BE GIVEN.

THE PROJECTED TRANSFER OF THE TROOPS HAD BEEN PLANNED FOR MANY WEEKS. THE SUDDEN HALTING OF THE EXERCISE INDICATED THE U.S. MILITARY COMMAND WANTED TO KEEP BOTH THE TROOPS AND THE PLANES WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN USED TO TRANSPORT THEM CLOSE AT HAND.

THE AMERICAN TROOPS WOULD HAVE BEEN DRAWN FROM THREE BATTLE GROUPS OF THE 101ST AIRBORNE DIVISION. PURPOSE OF THE 15-DAY NATO EXERCISE, IN WHICH FRENCH AND WEST GERMAN TROOPS WERE SCHEDULED TO TAKE PART, WAS TO TEST NATO'S ABILITY TO QUICKLY AUGMENT EUROPEAN DEFENSIVE FORCES.

THE TROOPS WERE TO HAVE BEEN FLOWN TO FRANKFURT BY U.S. MILITARY TRANSPORT PLANES, INCLUDING CRAFT FROM DONALDSON AIR FORCE BASE, GREENVILLE, S.C., AND FROM CHARLESTON, S.C.

AS PART OF THE REINFORCEMENT EXERCISE, FIGHTER-BOMBERS, RECONNAISSANCE AND TRANSPORT AIRCRAFT OF THE TACTICAL AIR COMMAND WERE SCHEDULED TO MOVE FROM AMERICAN BASES TO TWO NATO BASES IN FRANCE.

ON TUESDAY U.S. TROOPS HAD BEEN SCHEDULED TO BE AIRLIFTED FROM FRANKFURT TO INGOLSTADT IN SOUTHERN GERMANY. THEY WERE TO JOIN FRENCH AND WEST GERMAN FORCES FOR MANEUVERS IN THE HOHENFELD AREA.

THE 101ST DIVISION IS AN ELEMENT OF THE STRATEGIC ARMY CORPS (STRAC), THE READY, MOBILE FORCE BASED IN THE U.S. FOR PURPOSES OF RAPID DEPLOYMENT TO TROUBLE SPOTS ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD.

STRAC PRESENTLY IS COMPOSED OF THREE DIVISIONS, PLUS SEVERAL SEPARATE BRIGADES, A MISSILE COMMAND, SMALLER COMBAT UNITS, AN ARMORED CAVALRY REGIMENT AND OTHER UNITS.

TWO OF THE THREE DIVISIONS ARE AIRBORNE -- THE 101ST AT FT. CAMPBELL, KY., AND THE 82ND AT FT. BRAGG, N.C. THE 4TH INFANTRY DIVISION IS LOCATED AT FT. LEWIS, WASH.

MANPOWER OF EACH OF THE TWO AIRBORNE DIVISIONS IS SLIGHTLY OVER 11,000; THAT FOR THE INFANTRY DIVISION, ABOUT 14,000.

THE NORMAL COMPLEMENT OF AN AIRBORNE BATTLE GROUP -- SUCH AS THE THREE WHICH HAD BEEN READY TO LEAVE FOR EUROPE -- IS ABOUT 1,600 MEN. HOWEVER, OTHER TROOPS AND UNITS USUALLY ARE ATTACHED IN OVERSEAS DEPLOYMENT OF BATTLE GROUPS.

THE ARMY'S STRAC AND A MARINE DIVISION CONSTITUTE THE ONLY GROUND FORCES KEPT CONSTANTLY READY IN THE U.S. FOR SWIFT DISPATCH OVERSEAS. MOST OF THE OTHER ARMY AND MARINE DIVISIONS ALREADY ARE DEPLOYED OVERSEAS, IN EUROPE AND THE FAR EAST.

PARALLELING THE STRAC SETUP FOR GROUND FORCES ARE THE COMPOSITE STRIKE FORCES OF THE AIR FORCE. THESE FORCES, EQUIPPED WITH JET

FIGHTERS AND FIGHTER BOMBERS, ARE DESIGNED TO PROVIDE AIR SUPPORT FOR STRAC'S GROUND FORCES. IN ADDITION TO THE FIGHTERS AND FIGHTER BOMBERS, THE COMPOSITE STRIKE FORCES INCLUDE TANKER PLANES FOR REFUELING THE COMBAT AIRCRAFT DURING TRANSOCEANIC HOPS AND TACTICAL RECONNAISSANCE PLANES.

THE MAJORITY OF TRANSPORTS USED TO FERRY GROUND TROOPS OVERSEAS ARE THE OLDER C124 VARIETY WHICH HAVE LONG RANGE, BUT ARE RELATIVELY SLOW BECAUSE OF THEIR PISTON ENGINE POWER PLANTS. HOWEVER, THE AIR FORCE NOW IS BEGINNING TO BRING INTO SERVICE THE NEWER C130 TRANSPORTS, POWERED BY GAS TURBINES TURNING PROPELLERS, GIVING THEM A SPEED OF ABOUT 370 MILES PER HOUR COMPARED WITH ABOUT 200 FOR THE C124s.

RZ124AESNM

A128WX (ADV)

(1,300)

ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY APRIL 30: EDS: NOTE DATE (EDITORS NOTE: SUNDAY MARKS THE END OF THE FIRST 100 DAYS OF THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION. JOHN M. HIGHTOWER, VETERAN ASSOCIATED PRESS DIPLOMATIC AFFAIRS WRITER, REVIEWS THE PRESIDENT'S FOREIGN POLICY EXPERIENCES IN THE FOLLOWING STORY).

--DASH--

KENNEDY-FOREIGN

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, APRIL 29 (AP)—LIFE WAS ROUGH ON THE NEW FRONTIERS OF U. S. FOREIGN POLICY DURING PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S FIRST 100 DAYS. U. S. PRESTIGE SUFFERED TWO DAMAGING BLOWS AS THE RESULT OF RUSSIA'S MAN-IN-SPACE TRIUMPH AND THE DEFEAT OF THE CUBAN REBEL INVASION. RELATIONS BETWEEN MOSCOW AND WASHINGTON TURNED WORSE AFTER AN INITIAL "HONEYMOON" FOLLOWING KENNEDY'S INAUGURATION. THE POSSIBILITY OF NEW COMMUNIST CONQUESTS IN SOUTHEAST ASIA GREW INTO A DANGEROUS THREAT DESPITE RUSSIA'S LONG DELAYED AGREEMENT TO A CEASE-FIRE IN LAOS.

THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE UPON INVESTIGATION BY THE NEW PRESIDENT PROVED TO BE SHAKY AT THE CENTER. THE EUROPEAN MEMBERS WERE SPLIT OVER WHETHER NATO SHOULD HAVE ITS OWN NUCLEAR STRIKING FORCE.

NEGOTIATIONS WITH RUSSIA FOR A BAN ON NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS DEGENERATED RAPIDLY INTO A NEW DEADLOCK AFTER A HOPEFUL RESUMPTION AT GENEVA IN MARCH. KENNEDY FACED THE PROSPECT OF HAVING TO DECIDE SOON WHETHER THE UNITED STATES SHOULD RESUME NUCLEAR TEST EXPLOSIONS.

AS TROUBLES MULTIPLIED THE NEW PRESIDENT FELL INTO THE HABIT OF REMINDING PEOPLE WITH WHOM HE CONFERRED THAT HE HAD WARNED LAST JANUARY:

"THE NEWS WILL BE WORSE BEFORE IT IS BETTER."

BUT A REPUTATION AS A PROPHET IS THE LEAST OF THE ATTRIBUTES REQUIRED FOR GREATNESS IN THE PRESIDENCY AND KENNEDY'S REPUTATION, WHATEVER IT IS TO BE, IS ONLY JUST BEGINNING TO DEVELOP. HIS GREAT OPPORTUNITIES AND HIS GREAT CHALLENGES LIE AHEAD.

THE PRESIDENT'S OVERRIDING PROBLEM SINCE HE TOOK OFFICE JAN. 20 HAS BEEN TO ACCOMPLISH TWO THINGS SIMULTANEOUSLY: HE HAS FACED THE NEED TO HOLD THE LINE AGAINST COMMUNIST EXPANSION INTO NEW LANDS AND HE HAS HAD TO START PREPARING A COUNTEROFFENSIVE BY THE UNITED STATES AND THE WESTERN ALLIES. THE COUNTEROFFENSIVE WOULD BE A MAJOR NEW DEVELOPMENT IN U. S. COLD WAR POLICY--IF KENNEDY CAN BRING IT OFF.

TO DO IT HE MUST MARSHAL NEW RESERVES OF ECONOMIC AND MILITARY POWER AND KEEP THEM READY FOR QUICK AND FLEXIBLE USE. HE MUST DEVISE A PLAN OF ACTION WHICH BY HIS OWN DEFINITION WOULD PUT THE COMMUNIST BLOC ON THE DEFENSIVE WITHOUT CREATING THE DANGER OF NUCLEAR WAR. PERHAPS MOST DIFFICULT OF ALL HE MUST WIN ALLIED CONCURRENCE.

WHETHER IN FACT KENNEDY CAN SEIZE THE INITIATIVE AND LEAD THE WESTERN POWERS OUT OF A DEFENSIVE POSITION INTO A DETERMINED CAMPAIGN AGAINST

EXPANDING COMMUNISM IS THE GREAT QUESTION HANGING OVER HIS ADMINISTRATION. THE ALTERNATIVE IS TO LET SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV CONTINUE TO CALL THE SHOTS WHILE THE WEST ACTS DEFENSIVELY.

THE FIRST 100 DAYS HAVE NO AFFORDED SUFFICIENT TIME FOR KENNEDY TO CONSTRUCT A COMPLETE ACTION POLICY. FOLLOWING UP THE CRITICISMS AND COMMITMENTS HE VOICED DURING THE ELECTION CAMPAIGN LAST YEAR, SEVERAL POINTS OF HIS OPERATION HAVE BECOME QUITE CLEAR AND THE SHAPE OF HIS POLICY NOW SEEMS EVIDENT.

THE PRESIDENT'S PRIORITY CONCERN IS TO REINFORCE THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE BOTH FOR ITS IMPORTANCE TO THE DEFENSE OF THE WEST AND FOR ITS IMPORTANCE AS A STARTING POINT FOR OFFENSIVE PRESSURES AGAINST THE COMMUNIST BLOC.

KENNEDY'S CONFERENCES WITH BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN AND GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER WERE SUCCESSFUL CONTRIBUTIONS TO HIS PURPOSE; HE CONVINCED MACMILLAN HE IS NOT A TRIGGER-HAPPY LEADER AND HE CONVINCED ADENAUER HE WOULD NOT ABANDON WEST BERLIN OR WEST GERMANY.

MEANWHILE KENNEDY OPENED A CALCULATED CAMPAIGN TO PUT THE UNITED STATES ON THE SIDE OF REVOLUTION IN AFRICA AND ASIA. HIS MOST SPECTACULAR MOVE IN THIS RESPECT WAS TO VOTE IN THE UNITED NATIONS FOR SELF-GOVERNMENT FOR PORTUGUESE ANGOLA IN DEFIANCE OF THE WISHES OF PORTUGAL AS A NATO ALLY.

KENNEDY ALSO STRONGLY ENDORSED THE RIGHT OF NEUTRAL NATIONS TO BE NEUTRAL AND DECLARED HIS RESPECT FOR THEM. THIS WAS A BID FOR COOPERATION BY COUNTRIES LIKE INDIA. HE SENT ROVING AMBASSADOR AVERELL HARRIMAN TO TALK WITH PRIME MINISTER NEHRU AT NEW DELHI AND HE ENTERTAINED PRESIDENT SUKARNO OF INDONESIA IN WASHINGTON.

TO GAIN MORE EFFECTIVE TOOLS FOR HIMSELF KENNEDY ASKED CONGRESS FOR EXTENSIVE REMODELING OF THE U. S. FOREIGN AID PROGRAM. THE CHANGES HE SOUGHT, HE ARGUED, WOULD ENABLE THE UNITED STATES TO PARTICIPATE IN ECONOMIC LONG-RANGE PLANNING WITH THE UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES WHICH NEED LONG TERM COMMITMENTS OF MONEY.

IN ADDITION KENNEDY HIMSELF BEGAN REMODELING THE U. S. MILITARY MACHINE TO FIT A NEW CONCEPT OF WARFARE BETWEEN THE WESTERN NATIONS AND THE COMMUNIST BLOC. THE PRESIDENT APPEARED TO BE CONVINCED THAT THE UNITED STATES COULD TAKE THE OFFENSIVE AND COULD CONDUCT A FAR MORE EFFECTIVE DEFENSE IN SUCH COUNTRIES AS LAOS AND SOUTH VIET NAM IF IT HAD NEW KIND OF MILITARY CAPACITY.

FOR THAT REASON KENNEDY ORDERED HEAVY EXPANSION OF U. S. UNITS CAPABLE OF FIGHTING GUERRILLA AND ANTI-GUERRILLA WARFARE. HE ELEVATED THIS TO A LEVEL OF IMPORTANCE IN STRATEGIC DOCTRINE EQUAL TO THE CONCEPTS OF NUCLEAR WARFARE AND CONVENTIONAL (NON-NUCLEAR) WARFARE. HE SET ABOUT TRYING TO EXPAND ALSO THE CONVENTIONAL WARFARE STRENGTH OF NATO.

AT THE HEART OF ALL OF KENNEDY'S MAJOR PROBLEMS, OF COURSE, WAS THE NATURE OF HIS RELATIONS WITH KHRUSHCHEV. ON THIS POINT SOME OF HIS AIDES AND ADVISERS, IF NOT KENNEDY HIMSELF, SEEM TO HAVE BEEN SURPRISED, EVEN SHOCKED, AT THE VIOLENT, UNCOMPROMISING NATURE OF THE COLD WAR WHEN SEEN FROM INSIDE THE GOVERNMENT. MUCH OF THE CONFIDENCE THAT A NUMBER OF PROBLEMS COULD BE NEGOTIATED SUCCESSFULLY HAS DISAPPEARED.

KENNEDY'S EXPERIENCES WITH CUBA, LAOS, AND THE NUCLEAR TEST TALKS HAVE BEEN CHIEFLY RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS NEW ESTIMATE OF KHRUSHCHEV'S RUTHLESSNESS AND THE NATURE OF THE CHALLENGE FACING WASHINGTON. THERE IS INCREASING AWARENESS WITHIN THE NEW ADMINISTRATION THAT KHRUSHCHEV FEELS A NEW BALANCE OF POWER EXISTS BETWEEN MOSCOW AND WASHINGTON AND THAT IT FAVORS MOSCOW. THIS BEING THE CASE, RUSSIA'S SUCCESSFUL LAUNCHING OF A MAN INTO SPACE APRIL 12 WAS TAKEN HERE TO HARDEN THE SOVIET LEADER'S RESOLVE ABOUT GETTING HIS WAY.

THE DEFEAT A WEEK LATER OF THE U. S.-BACKED REBEL INVASION OF CUBA SIMILARLY WEAKENED THE UNITED STATES' POSITION AMONG BOTH ALLIES AND ADVERSARIES. A GOVERNMENT TRYING TO IMPRESS FEARFUL FRIENDS AND ARROGANT FOES WITH A SENSE OF ITS POWER GAINS NOTHING BY BEING CAUGHT IN A DEFEAT CHARACTERIZED BY BAD PLANNING AND FUMBLE OPPORTUNITIES.

KHRUSHCHEV OPENED HIS RELATIONS WITH KENNEDY IN A MOST FRIENDLY MANNER. AS A DRAMATIC GESTURE OF HIS DECLARED INTEREST IN EASING TENSIONS, HE RELEASED TWO AMERICAN FLIERS FROM A SOVIET PRISON ON JAN. 25. THE ACT CAUSED A GREAT SURGE OF HOPE FOR WASHINGTON-MOSCOW RAPPORT ON OUTSTANDING ISSUES.

THE HOPE PROVED ILLUSORY. WITHIN WEEKS, KENNEDY FOUND HIMSELF COMPELLED TO THREATEN THE USE OF U. S. POWER IN LAOS, IN ORDER TO PUSH RUSSIA TOWARD ACCEPTANCE OF A CEASE-FIRE. HE HAD TO MAKE A STRONG COMMITMENT OF SUPPORT FOR THE UNITED NATIONS IN THE CONGO. HE FELT COMPELLED TO RESTATE IN THE STRONGEST TERMS THIS COUNTRY'S DETERMINATION TO DEFEND WEST BERLIN AND PROTECT THE RIGHTS OF ITS PEOPLE.

THE REASON FOR ALL THESE REASSERTIONS OF U. S. COMMITMENTS OVER THE WORLD WAS THAT THE SOVIET AND RED CHINESE GOVERNMENTS GAVE EVERY INDICATION OF CARRYING ON THEIR CAMPAIGN OF CONQUEST AT ANY POINT THEY THOUGHT IT MIGHT BE SUCCESSFUL WITHOUT MAJOR WAR.

KENNEDY FOUND HIMSELF UP AGAINST A DETERMINED ANTAGONIST WHO WAS CONFIDENT OF HIS POWER AND ULTIMATE ABILITY TO GET HIS OWN WAY. NOWHERE WAS THIS MORE EVIDENT THAN IN THE NUCLEAR TEST NEGOTIATIONS, WHERE THE SOVIET ATTITUDE ON BASIC ISSUES PROVED UNCOMPROMISING.

INDEED, SOVIET REPRESENTATIVES SEEMED TO BE NOT ONLY UNYIELDING BUT INCREASINGLY INDIFFERENT TO THE PROSPECTS OF SUCCESS BY AGREEMENT. WESTERN OFFICIALS HAD ASSUMED THAT KHRUSHCHEV AGREED, AT LEAST, THAT A NUCLEAR TEST BAN WAS EXTREMELY DESIRABLE. BUT AFTER A MONTH OF NEGOTIATION, THEY DOUBTED WHETHER HE CARED ABOUT IT AT ALL, UNLESS HE COULD GET IT ON HIS OWN TERMS; THAT IS, WITHOUT EXTENSIVE INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION.

IT COULD BE TRUE, OF COURSE, THAT THE COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN IN LAOS AND THE PRESSURES FROM CUBA AND IN THE NUCLEAR TEST TALKS WERE ALL EMPLOYED BY KHRUSHCHEV TO TEST KENNEDY'S SKILL AND DETERMINATION. IT IS TRUE THAT KENNEDY AND KHRUSHCHEV BOTH REPRESENTED LARGELY UNKNOWN QUANTITIES TO EACH OTHER; KENNEDY CERTAINLY HAS BEEN INTERESTED IN TESTING KHRUSHCHEV'S ATTITUDES.

BUT AT THIS POINT, ANOTHER EXPLANATION IS EQUALLY VALID. KHRUSHCHEV MAY FIGURE THAT--WITH THE WEST DIVIDED ON MANY PROBLEMS--HE DOES NOT HAVE TO WORRY TOO MUCH ABOUT RESISTANCE FROM WASHINGTON WHILE HE PROBES FOR AREAS OF WEAKNESS AND EXTENDS HIS POWER WHERE EVER POSSIBLE. END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF SUNDAY, APRIL 30 SENT APRIL 27
CR1211AES

YOUTH FITNESS A96WX

WASHINGTON, APRIL 29 (AP)--PRESIDENT KENNEDY TODAY ASKED FOR "DETERMINED AND COORDINATED EFFORTS OF ALL OF OUR CITIZENS" TO PROMOTE YOUTH FITNESS.

BY PROCLAMATION, HE DESIGNATED THE WEEK BEGINNING TOMORROW AS NATIONAL YOUTH FITNESS WEEK.

HE ASKED OFFICIALS OF THE GOVERNMENT, PARENTS, YOUNG PEOPLE, AND ALL INTERESTED NATIONAL AND LOCAL ORGANIZATIONS TO PROMOTE PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES DEMONSTRATING THE IMPORTANCE OF YOUTH FITNESS.

KENNEDY CALLED FITNESS OF THE YOUTH OF THE NATION "ESSENTIAL TO THE PRESENT AND FUTURE STRENGTH OF OUR NATION."

HE SAID THE CHALLENGES THAT THE NATION MUST MEET IN THE DAYS AND YEARS AHEAD MAKE IT "IMPERATIVE THAT OUR YOUNG PEOPLE BE AWARE OF THEIR OBLIGATIONS TO THEMSELVES, THEIR FAMILIES, AND THEIR COUNTRY TO MAINTAIN THEIR VIGOR AND FITNESS."

A43WX (BJT)

PE738PES NM

(480) AMS BUDGET

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE

BY ELTON C. FAY

WASHINGTON, APRIL 29 (AP)--A TEAM OF EXPERTS IS SHAPING UP A SINGLE PENTAGON AGENCY TO OVERSEE AND COORDINATE THE NOW-SEPARATE MILITARY INTELLIGENCE SERVICES OF THE THREE ARMED FORCES.

A REPORT FROM THE GROUP SET UP BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA IS EXPECTED SOON, RECOMMENDING THE FORM OF THE NEW JOINT AGENCY.

30.24-611

THE PENTAGON SETUP IS DISTINCT FROM A REPORTED PLAN TO OVERHAUL THE TOP LEVEL CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY (CIA) WHICH SOME SOURCES SAY PRESIDENT KENNEDY IS CONSIDERING. BUT IT RESULTS IN PART FROM THE OVER-ALL SCRUTINY OF THE NATION'S VARIOUS INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS.

THE STUDY LOOKING TO REVISION OF THE PENTAGON'S INTELLIGENCE OUTFITS COMMENCED LAST JANUARY, WELL BEFORE THE FIASCO OF THE CUBAN INVASION WHICH SOME CRITICS INSIST RESULTED FROM BAD INTELLIGENCE OR BAD INTERPRETATION OF INTELLIGENCE ABOUT FIDEL CASTRO'S FORCES AND THE ATTITUDE OF THE CUBAN POPULATION. ON THE OTHER HAND, THE CUBAN INVASION DISASTER ACCELERATED THE PLANNING FOR A REVAMPING OF INTELLIGENCE.

INDICATIONS ARE THAT THE STUDY GROUP WILL ADVISE MCNAMARA THAT A SINGLE AGENCY BE ORGANIZED ALONG LINES SIMILAR TO THE PLAN ALREADY USED FOR COORDINATING THE COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES OF THE ARMY, NAVY AND AIR FORCE.

THE JOINT INTELLIGENCE OFFICE PRESUMABLY WILL BE AN ACTUAL OPERATING AGENCY, RATHER THAN MERELY AN ADMINISTRATIVE AND ADVISORY GROUP.

ONE AIM IS TO ELIMINATE SOME PRESENT DUPLICATION AMONG THE SEPARATE SERVICES. BUT ANOTHER MAJOR OBJECTIVE IS TO BRING TOGETHER, QUICKLY AND READILY, INFORMATION PICKED UP BY THE SEPARATE SERVICES.

THE JOINT OFFICE ALSO WILL COMPLEMENT, MORE DIRECTLY, THE COMMAND STRUCTURE FOR THE DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENT UNDER WHICH SEVERAL SERVICES OPERATE UNDER SINGLE COMMAND. INTELLIGENCE WOULD BE COLLECTED AND EVALUATED FOR USE BY UNIFIED COMMANDS AS WELL AS INDIVIDUAL SERVICES.

THERE ARE RUMBLINGS AMONG THE SEPARATE ARMED FORCES OVER WHAT SOME CONSTRUE AS ANOTHER MOVE TOWARD CENTRALIZATION AND STRIPPING THE SERVICES OF TRADITIONAL FUNCTIONS.

BUT THOSE FAMILIAR WITH THE PLAN INSIST THAT THE SEPARATE MILITARY INTELLIGENCE SERVICES -- THE ARMY'S G-2, THE NAVY'S ONI (OFFICE OF NAVAL INTELLIGENCE) AND THE AIR FORCE'S A-2 UNIT -- WILL RETAIN THEIR IDENTITIES AND MUCH OF THEIR MISSION. THE AIM IS SAID TO BE TO INTEGRATE THE PRODUCT OF THE SERVICES, NOT TO MERGE THEM.

THE PENTAGON ALREADY HAS AT LEAST TWO JOINT INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES. THE IMPACT OF THE NEW ORGANIZATION ON THOSE UNITS WAS NOT IMMEDIATELY CLEAR. IT IS POSSIBLE THAT SOME FUNCTIONS AND PERSONNEL COULD BE INCORPORATED INTO THE NEW AGENCY.

ONE OF THESE JOINT AGENCIES IS A SUB-DIVISION OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF OFFICE. DIRECTOR OF THIS UNIT IS MAJ. GEN. R. A. BREITWEISER. ABOUT 50 OFFICERS AND CIVILIAN OPERATE THE "J-2" OFFICE OF THE JCS. THE OFFICE IS ORGANIZED PRIMARILY FOR EVALUATION RATHER THAN COLLECTION OF INFORMATION. IT INCLUDES SPECIALISTS ON THE SINO-SOVIET BLOC AND VARIOUS GEOGRAPHICAL AREAS OF THE WORLD AS WELL AS SPECIALISTS ON TECHNICAL MATTERS.

SINCE 1953 THERE ALSO HAS EXISTED THE LITTLE KNOWN OFFICE OF THE "ASSISTANT TO THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR SPECIAL OPERATIONS."

THE DIRECTIVE WHICH CREATED THAT OFFICE LISTS AMONG ITS RESPONSIBILITIES ADMINISTRATIVE COORDINATION OF SUCH THINGS AS INTELLIGENCE, COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE AND "CIA RELATIONSHIPS AND SPECIAL OPERATIONS." IT ALSO IS INTENDED TO MAINTAIN LIAISON WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, CIA AND OTHER U.S. AND FOREIGN GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONS.

APPARENTLY, THE "SPECIAL OPERATIONS" FUNCTIONS RELATES TO MATTERS IN ADDITION TO INTELLIGENCE. THE OFFICE IS HEADED BY A RETIRED MARINE MAJOR GENERAL, GRAVES B. ERSKINE.

ERSKINE IS A PROFESSIONAL IN THE ART OF UNDERCOVER WARFARE -- WITH LONG AND PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE.

JK318PES

A63PX

(390) KITTY HAWK
BY FRANK J. AVATO

PHILADELPHIA, APRIL 29 (AP)-WITH THE COMMAND, "SET THE WATCH" THROUGHOUT THE SHIP, THE SUPERCARRIER USS KITTY HAWK, THE WORLD'S LARGEST WARSHIP IN OPERATION, WAS COMMISSIONED TODAY BY THE NAVY.

SOME 12,000 VISITORS CROWDED THE HANGAR DECK OF THE 60,000-TON VESSEL AND SAW CAPT. WILLIAM F. BRINGLE OF COVINGTON, TENN., ACCEPT

COMMAND ON THE 50TH ANNIVERSARY OF NAVAL AVIATION.

THE KITTY HAWK IS THE FIRST AIRCRAFT CARRIER TO DEPEND SOLELY ON GUIDED MISSILES FOR PROTECTION INSTEAD OF MOUNTED GUNS.

THE SHIP'S ANTI-AIRCRAFT DEFENSE IS COMPOSED OF TWO BATTERIES OF TERRIER MISSILES. THEY REPLACE EIGHT FIVE-INCH DUAL PURPOSE GUNS MOUNTED ON THE OTHER FIVE FORRESTAL CLASS CARRIERS.

ADM. ARLEIGH BURKE, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, SAID IN THE MAIN ADDRESS THAT THE \$250 MILLION KITTY HAWK "CLEARLY DEMONSTRATES OUR NAVY'S CONFIDENCE IN THE FUTURE OF MANNED AIRCRAFT AT SEA."

"THE ROLE OF THE ATTACK AIRCRAFT CARRIER AND HER AIRCRAFT STRETCHES FAR INTO THE FUTURE. FOR ONLY MANNED AIRCRAFT CAN PROVIDE THE DISCRIMINATION, THE HUMAN JUDGMENT, THE SELECTIVITY ESSENTIAL IN ANY TYPE OF CONFLICT, AND VITAL IN CONQUERING THE THREAT OF LIMITED AGGRESSION."

ADMIRAL BURKE, WHO FLEW UP FROM WASHINGTON FOR THE CEREMONY, DIRECTED HALF OF HIS SPEECH TO THE CREW OF 3,200 ENLISTED MEN AND 153 OFFICERS.

HE TOLD THEM THAT THEY MUST NOT ONLY BE GOOD SAILORS, BUT MUST MEET "INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBILITIES AS REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NAVY AND THE UNITED STATES WHEREVER YOU MAY BE."

"THROUGH YOU," THE ADMIRAL CONTINUED, "PEOPLE OF OTHER LANDS WILL COME TO KNOW THE UNITED STATES A LITTLE BETTER."

THE KITTY HAWK, WHICH IS 1,047 FEET LONG AND 232 FEET WIDE, WILL REMAIN AT THE PHILADELPHIA NAVAL BASE FOR EIGHT WEEKS WHILE FITTING OUT IS COMPLETED AND FINAL TESTS ARE MADE.

THEN THE SHIP WILL PROCEED TO NORFOLK TO PICK UP TRAINING PLANES. FROM THERE SHE WILL SAIL TO GUANTANAMO NAVY BASE IN CUBA ON A SHAKEDOWN CRUISE. EVENTUALLY, THE KITTY HAWK WILL SERVE WITH THE PACIFIC FLEET.

ONCE IN THE PACIFIC, THE SUPERCARRIER WILL TAKE ON 100 PLANES, INCLUDING HELICOPTERS, RECONNAISSANCE CRAFT, JET FIGHTERS AND BOMBERS.

FOR TODAY'S CEREMONIES, THE HANGAR DECK WAS DECORATED WITH SIGNAL PENNANTS HANGING FROM THE CEILING. LOUDSPEAKERS CARRIED THE CEREMONY TO 3,000 PEOPLE STANDING ON THE DOCK.

AFTER THE CEREMONY, VISITORS WERE ALLOWED TO TOUR PARTS OF THE SHIP AND WERE SERVED SANDWICHES AND COFFEE BY THE NAVY.

THE OTHER CARRIERS IN THE HUGE FORRESTAL CLASS ARE THE FORRESTAL HERSELF, THE SARATOGA, THE RANGER AND THE INDEPENDENCE, ALL A LITTLE SMALLER THAN THE KITTY HAWK.

THE SIXTH, THE CONSTELLATION, WAS TO HAVE BEEN AT SEA BY NOW, BUT CONSTRUCTION WAS DELAYED BY A FIRE LAST DECEMBER.

A127

ADVANCE FOR 130 PM EST TODAY

(160) LONG RANGE RADAR

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, APRIL 29 (AP)-A NEW LONGER RANGE RADAR, WITH BETTER CAPABILITY FOR PICKING OUT ACTUAL TARGETS, IS BEING PRODUCED FOR USE IN THE ARMY'S NIKE-HERCULES ANTIAIRCRAFT SYSTEM.

AN ANNOUNCEMENT TODAY SAID THE NEW EQUIPMENT "WILL REACH OUT SUBSTANTIALLY IN EXCESS" OF THE PRESENT RADAR EQUIPMENT USED WITH THE HERCULES.

THE RANGE OF A HERCULES DEPENDS TO SOME DEGREE ON THE RANGE OF THE RADAR WHICH LOCATES ITS TARGETS. THE ARMY SAID THE PRESENT RANGE IS "IN EXCESS OF 75 MILES."

LT. GEN. ROBERT J. WOOD, CHIEF OF THE ARMY AIR DEFENSE COMMAND, SAID THE RADAR NOW IN PRODUCTION "IS 10 TIMES MORE DISCRIMINATING IN TARGET DETECTION THAN PRESENT OPERATIONAL RADAR."

DISCRIMINATION IS THE ABILITY TO SEPARATE AN ACTUAL TARGET SUCH AS AN AIRPLANE FROM FALSE TARGETS USED TO CONFUSE DEFENSIVE SYSTEMS.

CONSTRUCTION AT HERCULES SITES IN THE UNITED STATES TO PERMIT USE OF THE NEW RADAR IS UNDER WAY, THE ARMY SAID.

CZ1024AES

NIGHT LEAD DEMONSTRATION
BY PATRICK MASSEY

LONDON, APRIL 29 (AP)-POLICE ARRESTED 826 ANTI-H-BOMB DEMONSTRATORS WHO SQUATTED ON THE ROAD NEAR SCOTLAND YARD TODAY IN ONE OF THE BIGGEST MASS ROUNDUPS EVER SEEN IN BRITAIN.

ABOUT 2,000 DEMONSTRATORS FLOPPED DOWN IN THE STREET NOT FAR FROM SCOTLAND YARD AT A POINT HALFWAY ALONG WHITEHALL -- THE LONDON THOROUGHFARE WHERE GOVERNMENT OFFICES ARE LOCATED.

RELAYS OF PANTING CONSTABLES WORKED ALL AFTERNOON CARRYING AWAY MEN, WOMEN AND YOUTHS WHO REFUSED TO GET UP AND WALK.

EACH WAS BUNDLED TO A WAITING FLEET OF CHARTERED BUSES AND TRUCKS WHICH DROVE THEM OFF TO COURTS WORKING A SPECIAL SATURDAY NIGHT SHIFT.

APART FROM OCCASIONAL GIRLISH SQUEALS, FEW OF THE DEMONSTRATORS OFFERED PROTEST OR RESISTANCE. MOST OBEYED THEIR LEADERS' INSTRUCTIONS TO "GO LIMP" AS SOON AS THEY FELT THE GRASP OF A POLICEMAN.

HAULED AWAY WITH THE OTHERS WERE THE REV. MICHAEL SCOTT, LONGTIME CAMPAIGNER IN PACIFIST AND SIMILAR CAUSES, PLAYWRIGHT ARNOLD WESKER AND ACTRESS VANESSA REDGRAVE.

POLICE LED THEM THROUGH THE COURTS, WHERE THEY WERE CHARGED WITH OBSTRUCTION AND FINED ONE POUND (\$2.80) EACH.

MISS REDGRAVE, DAUGHTER OF ACTOR SIR MICHAEL REDGRAVE, WAS BAILED OUT IN TIME TO MAKE HER EARLY EVENING SHOW.

PLAYWRIGHT SHELAGH DELANEY, CREATOR OF THE "TASTE OF HONEY" PLAY NOW RUNNING ON BROADWAY, WAS ONE OF THE THROG WHO SET OUT ON THE PROTEST.

AFTER RALLYING IN TRAFALGAR SQUARE THE DEMONSTRATORS MARCHED DOWN WHITEHALL INTENDING TO STAGE THEIR SITDOWN STRIKE OUTSIDE THE HOUSES OF PARLIAMENT. WHEN POLICE BARRED THEIR WAY THEY SAT DOWN.

BEATNIK GIRLS, PARSONS AND BEARDED ARTISTS SAT SHOULDER TO SHOULDER WITH HOUSEWIVES AND STAIT LOOKING BUSINESSMEN, SMOKING AND CHATTING WITH APPARENT UNCONCERN AS THE RANKS STEADILY NARROWED.

AT THE CENTER OF THE SEATED CROWD WAS A LARGE BLACK BANNER PROCLAIMING "COMMITTEE OF 100. ACTION FOR LIFE." THE COMMITTEE OF 100 IS THE HARD CORE OF ANTINUCLEAR ORGANIZATIONS WHICH HAS EMBARKED ON A CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE CAMPAIGN TO FURTHER THE ANTIBOMB MOVEMENT.

R437PES

A129

HOLY LOCH, SCOTLAND, APRIL 29 (AP)--A GANG OF YOUTHS RAIDED THE ANTI-POLARIS CAMP ON THE SHORES OF HOLY LOCH BEFORE DAWN TODAY AND BURNED DOWN TENTS OCCUPIED BY PACIFISTS CAMPAIGNING AGAINST AMERICA'S NUCLEAR SUBMARINE BASE. THE TENTS FIRST WERE DRENCHED WITH KEROSENE. ONLY TWO OF THE PACIFIST GROUP, GORDON COLLINS ND RUTH TOWNSEN, WERE IN THE CAMP. THEY ESCAPED INJURY.

"WE ARE CARRYING ON THE PROTEST," COLLINS SAID AFTERWARD. "WE HOPE OUR COLLEAGUES, WHO ARE NOW IN LONDON, WILL BRING BACK NEW TENTS AND EQUIPMENT."

THE RAIDERS LEFT NO CLUES TO THEIR IDENTITY.

FF1028AES

A150KX (LA)

(140)

INDEPENDENCE, MO., APRIL 29 (AP)-EIGHT YOUNG RUSSIANS VISITED FORMER PRESIDENT HARRY S. TRUMAN SATURDAY AND ASKED HIM ABOUT THE PROSPECTS FOR BETTER RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES.

"THAT DEPENDS ON THE RUSSIANS," TRUMAN REPLIED. "IF THEY WANT TO BE GOOD NEIGHBORS AND KEEP THEIR AGREEMENTS WE'LL GET ALONG FINE. NO PEOPLE ARE MORE ANXIOUS TO BE FRIENDLY WITH THE RUSSIANS THAN THE AMERICAN PEOPLE."

THE RUSSIANS ARE VISITING THE UNITED STATES UNDER SPONSORSHIP OF THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION AND THE YOUNG WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION. THEY SPENT MOST OF THE WEEK AT THE UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS.

THEIR SPOKESMAN, NIKOLAI BARANOV, 39, ASKED TRUMAN ABOUT U.S.-SOVIET RELATIONS AND DISARMAMENT.

TRUMAN TOLD THEM THAT DISARMAMENT COULD BE ACHIEVED IF THE RUSSIANS WOULD AGREE TO INSPECTION.

THE GROUP TOURED THE TRUMAN LIBRARY.

VX1032PCS

CLEVELAND-U.N. B63WX

WASHINGTON, APRIL 29 (AP)-A TOP STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIAL PROPOSED TONIGHT THAT THE UNITED STATES SEEK TO EXPAND THE BAILIY OF THE UNITED NATIONS TO DEAL WITH THE WORLD'S COLD WAR TROUBLE SPOTS. HE MENTIONED LAOS AND CUBA, AS WELL AS THE CONGO, AS SPECIFIC EXAMPLES.

IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF INTERNATIONAL LAW, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE HARLAN CLEVELAND SAID THAT THE UNITED NATIONS CAN "INTERVENE IN THE NAME OF NON-INTERVENTION TO TRY TO QUIET A DANGEROUS AREA WHILE A SINGLE NATION, HOWEVER POWERFUL, CANNOT."

"THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE UNITED NATIONS OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY," CLEVELAND SAID, "SHOULD NOW BE A CENTRAL TARGET OF AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY."

IN THE CONGO, HE SAID THE UNITED NATIONS HAD DEMONSTRATED TO THE SOVIET LEADERS THAT ITS COLLECTIVE STRENGTH "CONSTITUTED A PORTENTOUS THREAT TO THEIR GLOBAL PLANS FOR INDIRECT AGGRESSION."

TO THIS DISCOVERY, CLEVELAND ATTRIBUTED SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S PROPOSAL, FIRST MADE LAST FALL, TO GET RID OF SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD AND PUT IN HIS PLACE A THREE-MAN BOARD OF COMMUNIST, WESTERN AND NEUTRAL REPRESENTATIVES, WITH EACH MEMBER FOT HAVE A VETO. HE PREDICTED THAT THOUGH KHRUSHCHEV HAD BEEN UNSUCCESSFUL SO FAR IN WINNING SUPPORT FOR THIS PROPOSITION TO CRIPPLE U.N. OPERATIONS HE WOULD CONTINUE HIS FIGHT.

"THE UNITED NATIONS AND OTHER INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS," CLEVELAND SAID, "ARE DEVELOPING AND CAN MUCH FURTHER DEVELOP A CAPACITY TO TAKE EXECUTIVE ACTION ON BEHALF OF THE WORLD COMMUNITY AS A WHOLE. THE UNNOTICED LESSON OF THE PAST FEW EEEKS' EVENTS IS THE GREAT POTENTIAL IMPORTANCE TO OUR NATIONAL INTEREST OF THESE INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS."

"THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION INHERITED THREE PRIME TROUBLE SPOTS: THE CONGO, LAOS AND CUBA."

"IT IS NOT WITHOUT MEANING THAT OF THESE THREE, WE HAVE HAD TO MOVE BACKWARDS OR SIDEWAYS ON CUBA AND LAOS, WHERE NO INTERNATIONAL FIELD OPERATION HAS BEEN DEVELOPED; BUT IN THE CONGO THE PRESENCE OF A FIELD OPERATION MAINTAINED BY AN INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION HAS ENABLED US TO MOVE FORWARD (BY FITS AND STARTS, TO BE SURE) PRECISELY BECAUSE THE WORLD COMMUNITY CAN 'INTERVENE IN THE NAME OF NON-INTERVENTION' WHILE A SINGLE NATION, HOWEVER POWERFUL, CANNOT."

CLEVELAND IS THE RANKING OFFICIAL UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK FOR HANDLING U.S. RELATIONS WITH INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS, INCLUDING THE UNITED NATIONS.

IN HIS SPEECH HE STOPPED SHORT OF SAYING THAT THE UNITED STATES SHOULD OR WOULD TAKE EITHER THE CUBAN PROBLEM OR THE LAOTIAN CRISIS TO THE UNITED NATIONS. BUT HIS WORDS IMPLIED THAT HE THOUGHT SUCH ACTION SHOULD AT LEAST RECEIVE SERIOUS CONSIDERATION. IT HAS IN FACT BEEN REPORTED THAT PRESIDENT KENNEDY WAS CONSIDERING THE POSSIBILITY OF TAKING THE LAOTIAN CRISIS TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

PF701PES NM

NATO CITIZENS B31WX

WASHINGTON, APRIL 29 (AP)-THE RECENTLY FORMED U. S. CITIZENS COMMISSION ON NATO SAID TODAY IT HAS WRITTEN LEGISLATIVE LEADERS IN THE OTHER 14 NATIONS OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION URGING PROMPT FORMATION OF SIMILAR GROUPS.

AT THE SAME TIME THE CO-CHAIRMAN OF THE U. S. GROUP, CHRISTIAN A. HERTER AND WILLIAM L. CLAYTON, ANNOUNCED THEY WILL MAKE PERSONAL VISITS TO LONDON, BONN, ROME AND PARIS IN EARLY MAY. THEY WILL URGE THAT PARLIAMENTARY LEADERS SET UP SIMILAR ADVISORY COMMISSIONS TO WORK FOR GREATER POLITICAL AND ECONOMY UNITY AMONG THE MEMBER NATIONS.

OTHER MEMBERS OF THE U. S. COMMISSION, WHICH INCLUDES A BIPARTISAN GROUP OF DISTINGUISHED CITIZENS NOT NOW IN GOVERNMENT POSTS, WILL

MAKE SIMILAR PERSONAL VISITS TO REMAINING NATO CAPITALS TO URGE CITIZENS COMMISSIONS.

THE U. S. GROUP EXPRESSED HOPE THAT ALL THE NATIONS CAN SEND ONE OR TWO REPRESENTATIVES TO A PREPARATORY SESSION IN JUNE OR JULY TO PLAN FOR A LATER INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE TO ADVANCE UNITY AND COOPERATION.

ASKED IF THE CRITICAL DEVELOPMENTS IN CUBA, LAOS, AFRICA AND OTHER AREAS HAD SPURRED ACTION BY THE U. S. COMMISSION, HERTER REPLIED "THERE IS A LITTLE GREATER SENSE OF URGENCY AND PRESSURES ON THE WORLD." HERTER WAS SECRETARY OF STATE IN THE EISENHOWER REPUBLICAN ADMINISTRATION.

THE U. S. COMMISSION WAS AUTHORIZED LAST SEPTEMBER BY CONGRESS. THE ACT NOTED THAT THE GROUP OF PRIVATE CITIZENS WOULD NOT SPEAK FOR THE U. S. GOVERNMENT BUT WOULD CONFER INFORMALLY WITH SIMILAR GROUPS FROM OTHER NATIONS IN AN EFFORT TO ATTAIN "GREATER POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC COOPERATION AMONG THEIR PEOPLES."

THE ACT AUTHORIZED \$300,000 TO PAY EXPENSES OF THE COMMISSION AND \$100,000 FOR ITS PARTICIPATION IN ANY INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES OR MEETINGS.

THE LETTER FROM THE U. S. COMMISSION INCLUDED A COPY OF THIS ACT AND A RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY THE NATO PARLIAMENTARIANS' CONFERENCE LAST NOVEMBER URGING OTHER NATO GOVERNMENTS TO APPOINT SIMILAR GROUPS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

ASKED IF THESE COMMISSIONS ALSO WOULD BE LIMITED TO PRIVATE CITIZENS RATHER THAN GOVERNMENT OR PARLIAMENTARY MEMBERS, HERTER SAID THE U. S. GROUP WOULD NOT TRY TO TELL OTHER NATIONS WHAT TO DO.

ALSO INCLUDED WAS A RECOMMENDATION THAT THE SIZE OF THE DELEGATION OF EACH NATO COUNTRY TO THE PROPOSED CITIZENS CONVENTION BE ROUGHLY HALF OF ITS VOTING SCALE IN THE NATO PARLIAMENTARY ORGANIZATION. THIS WOULD RANGE FROM 20 FOR THE U. S. DOWN TO TWO EACH FROM ICELAND AND LUXEMBOURG.

IK347PES
A93

(120)
MOSCOW, APRIL 29 (AP)-A SOVIET MAGAZINE CLAIMED TODAY THAT RUSSIAN TROOPS AND THOSE OF PRESENT-DAY COMMUNIST ALLIES -- WITH SOME HELP FROM SOUTH AFRICANS, AUSTRALIANS, AND THE BRITISH -- WON THE KEY BATTLES OF EL ALAMEIN AND TOBRUK IN NORTH AFRICA IN WORLD WAR II.

AN ARTICLE IN THE MAGAZINE YOUNG GUARD SAID THE NORTH AFRICAN CAMPAIGN, PRIDE OF THE BRITISH PEOPLE AND OF SEVERAL BRITISH FIELD MARSHALS, ACTUALLY WAS MASTER-MINDED BY A SOVIET COLONEL.

(THIS NO DOUBT WILL COME AS STARTLING NEWS TO SIR WINSTON CHURCHILL AND FIELD MARSHAL EARL ALEXANDER.)

THE AUTHOR OF THE ARTICLE, SEGGI BOROZENKO, SAID HE GOT HIS INFORMATION FROM ENGLISH OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS AND THAT THE SOVIET MASTER-MIND WAS KNOWN TO THEM ONLY AS A "COL. KHLEBNIKOV." IN RUSSIAN, THIS IS THE PERSONAL NAME FORM OF THE WORD "BREAD."

R722PES

A46WX (SHIP)

(270) PRECEDE LONDON DAY--SOVIET SHIP

WASHINGTON, APRIL 29 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES SAID TODAY A RUSSIAN CLAIM THAT A SOVIET OCEAN RESEARCH SHIP WAS BARRED FROM ENTERING THE PORT OF HONOLULU AFTER BEING DISABLED AT SEA DID NOT JIBE WITH THE FACTS.

THE RUSSIANQNEWS AGENCY TASS SAID PERMISSIONFOR THE SCHOONER ZARYA TO GO INTO HONOLULU FOR EMERGENCY REPAIRS WAS REFUSED AND THAT THE VESSEL HAD TO ABANDON A RESEARCH MISSION IN THE PACIFIC AND BE TOWED TO VLADIVOSTOK. TASS SAID THE SHIP FOR THE PAST SEVEN MONTHS HAD BEEN CONDUCTING MAGNETIC SURVEYS IN THE PACIFIC.

THE U.S. VERSION, AS GIVEN BY A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN, WAS:

IN MID-MARCH THE ZARYA REQUESTED PERMISSION TO ENTER HONOLULU.

U.S. AUTHORITIES SAID THIS COULD BE ARRANGED, BUT NOTIFIED THE SHIP OF THE USUAL REQUIREMENTS--A TWO-WEEK NOTICE, FOLLOWED BY A ONE-DAY

30.24-613

INTERVAL FOR PURPOSES OF ARRANGING PASSPORT VISAS FOR CREW MEMBERS.

ON MARCH 25, THE STATE DEPARTMENT NOTIFIED THE SOVIET EMBASSY HERE THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD BE GLAD TO COOPERATE IF COOPERATION COULD BE HAD FROM THE RUSSIAN SHIP. THE UNITED STATES THEN SAID IT WAS PREPARED TO WAIVE THE USUAL REQUIREMENTS. MEANWHILE, THE U.S. COAST GUARD HAD OFFERED ANY ASSISTANCE NEEDED BY THE ZARYA.

THE RUSSIAN REPLY TO THIS WAS THAT IN VIEW OF THE "DISCRIMINATORY REQUIREMENTS" IMPOSED BY THE UNITED STATES, THE ZARYA WOULD NOT GO INTO HONOLULU.

THE AMERICAN SPOKESMAN SAID THAT RUSSIANS SHIPS HAVE ENTERED U.S. PORTS ON A NUMBER OF OCCASIONS, AND THAT A RUSSIAN FREIGHTER, PASKOV, WAS IN HONOLULU ON APRIL 7. THE ZARYA WAS IN THE U.S. PORT OF SAN JUAN, P.R., IN 1957, THE SPOKESMAN SAID.

THE TASS ACCOUNT QUOTED THE ZARYA'S SKIPPER AS SAYING THE SHIP SUSTAINED "CONSIDERABLE DAMAGE" BUT HE DID NOT SAY HOW. EVIDENTLY THE PRINCIPAL TROUBLE WAS THAT THE MAIN ENGINE HAD BROKEN DOWN ALMOST COMPLETELY.

BU&CZ328PES

HONOLULU, APRIL 29 (AP)-THE CAPTAIN OF THE HONOLULU PORT FLATLY DENIED TODAY RUSSIAN CLAIMS THAT THE DISABLED RESEARCH SHIP ZARYA WAS BARRED FROM ENTERING THE PORT.

LT. CMDR. JASON KOBLER OF THE COAST GUARD SAID THE SKIPPER OF THE FREIGHTER PSKOV TOLD PORT OFFICIALS THERE WAS NO NEED FOR THE ZARYA TO ENTER PORT.

THE PSKOV DOCKED HERE FOR FUEL AND THEN TOWED THE ZARYA TO VLADIVOSTOK.

KOBLER SCOFFED AT SOVIET CLAIMS THAT THE ZARYA HAD TO ABANDON HER RESEARCH MISSION.

"SHE WAS ON HER WAY BACK TO RUSSIA ANYWAY," KOBLER DECLARED.
MH/EB351PPS NM

B35 (150)

NEW YORK, APRIL 29 (AP)-BANDS BLARED ALONG FIFTH AVENUE TODAY IN THE CITY'S LOYALTY DAY PARADE--INITIATED 14 YEARS AGO AS A COUNTER-MEASURE TO PRO-COMMUNIST MAY DAY CELEBRATIONS.

THE NUMBER OF MARCHERS AND SPECTATORS WAS HELD DOWN BY OVERCAST SKIES AND A CHILLY 14-MILE-AN-HOUR WIND FOLLOWING AN EARLY MORNING RAINSTORM.

CARMINE G. DE SAPIO, LEADER OF TAMMANY HALL, THE MANHATTAN DEMOCRATIC ORGANIZATION, WAS GRAND MARSHAL OF THE PARADE, WHICH IS SPONSORED BY THE VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS.

DIGNITARIES HEADING THE LINE OF MARCH INCLUDED GOV. NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER, MAYOR ROBERT F. WAGNER AND FRANCIS CARDINAL SPELLMAN. POLITICAL DIFFERENCES WERE DROPPED FOR THE OCCASION. WAGNER AND DE SAPIO, WHO HAVE BEEN AT ODDS, SHOOK HANDS BEFORE TAKING THEIR PLACES IN LINE. THERE WAS ANOTHER HANDSHAKE BETWEEN ROCKEFELLER AND WAGNER, WHO HAS BEEN CRITICAL OF A STATE INVESTIGATION INTO CITY AFFAIRS.

THE LINE OF MARCH WAS FROM 87TH TO 61ST STREETS, NORTH OF THE AVENUE'S MAIN BUSINESS SECTION.

12PES

A12WX (BJTS)

(380) ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M. EST TODAY
AMS BUDGET

NASA-LOYALTY
BY GEOFFREY GOULD

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, APRIL 29 (AP)-THE LOYALTY OF EIGHT EMPLOYEES AT THE BIG ROCKET CENTER AT HUNTSVILLE, ALA., IS BEING INVESTIGATED BY THE FBI, THE HOUSE SPACE COMMITTEE REPORTED TODAY.

THE COMMITTEE SAID ALSO THREE OTHERS AT THE INSTALLATION, CALLED THE MARSHALL SPACE FLIGHT CENTER, HAVE RESIGNED WHILE FACING DISMISSAL FOR "SERIOUS CHARACTER DEFECTS." DISMISSAL PROCEEDINGS HAVE BEEN STARTED AGAINST TWO MORE.

THE COMMITTEE SAID THE INFORMATION WAS SUBMITTED TO IT BY ALBERT F. SIEPERT, DIRECTOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION FOR THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION.

SIEPERT WAS ASKED TO FURNISH THE INFORMATION AFTER TESTIFYING ON CLEARANCE OF NASA EMPLOYEES RECENTLY AT AN OPEN COMMITTEE HEARING.

SIEPERT SAID THAT WHEN THE HUNTSVILLE AGENCY WAS TRANSFERRED FROM THE ARMY TO NASA LAST JULY, 4,300 ARMY CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES WENT ALONG WITH IT. OF THESE, 4,122 HAVE BEEN PLACED IN WHAT NASA CALLED SENSITIVE POSITIONS; 3,843 HAVE HAD INTERIM CLEARANCE PENDING FULL FIELD INVESTIGATIONS.

SIEPERT TOLD THE COMMITTEE EARLIER THAT PREVIOUS ARMY CLEARANCES OF MOST OF THESE EMPLOYEES HAD BEEN MADE A NUMBER OF YEARS AGO AND IT WAS NECESSARY TO CONDUCT NEW INVESTIGATIONS.

THE MARSHALL CENTER IS DEVELOPING SATURN, THE 1 1/2-MILLION-POUND-THRUST ROCKET FOR SPACE EXPLORATION.

UNDER THE LAW, THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION CONDUCTS CLEARANCE INVESTIGATIONS FOR NASA AT A COST OF \$350 PER CASE. SO FAR IT HAS COMPLETED 650 INVESTIGATIONS AT MARSHALL AND REFERRED EIGHT OF THESE TO THE FBI.

THE LAW "REQUIRES THAT WHEN THE CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION DEVELOPS ANY DATA WHICH MAY REFLECT UPON THE LOYALTY OF THE SUBJECT, THE MATTER IS REFERRED TO THE FBI FOR INVESTIGATION," NASA SAID.

NASA ALSO SAID THREE PERSONS "RESIGNED WHILE PROCEEDINGS WERE PENDING TO DISMISS THEM BECAUSE OF SERIOUS CHARACTER DEFECTS. REMOVAL PROCEEDINGS WILL BE INITIATED SHORTLY IN THE CASE OF TWO OTHER CASES DISCOVERED AS A RESULT OF THESE INVESTIGATIONS," NASA SAID.

THERE WAS NO ELABORATION ON THESE CASES. OFTEN IN SUCH RESIGNATIONS OR DISMISSALS, THE PERSONS INVOLVED ARE NOT ACCUSED OF ANY OVERT ACTS OF DISLOYALTY BUT ARE REGARDED AS BAD RISKS BECAUSE OF HOMOSEXUALITY, HEAVY DRINKING, USE OF NARCOTICS OR OTHER BAD HABITS. NASA HAS REQUESTED \$1,115,000 FOR FISCAL 1962 FOR SECURITY INVESTIGATIONS. LAST YEAR CONGRESS APPROPRIATED \$1,248,000 FOR THIS PURPOSE.

IC1251PES

BY GENE KRAMER 13-61
TAIPEI FORMOSA, APRIL 29 (AP)-A NEW YORKER WHO SAYS HE CAME OVERSEAS TO START HIS OWN PEACE CORPS REPORTED TODAY HE GOT SO ANGRY WITH AMERICANS ON FORMOSA THAT HE SIGNED A DOCUMENT RENOUNCING U.S. CITIZENSHIP.

IRA PINES, A SHORT STOCKY MAN WITH THICK SPECTACLES AND WAVY, GREYISH BROWN HAIR, TOLD A REPORTER HE SIGNED AND SWORE TO THE RENUNCIATION AFFIDAVIT AT THE U.S. CONSULATE IN TAIPEI APRIL 17 AND ONE WEEK LATER REQUESTED THAT IT BE CANCELED.

AN OFFICIAL EMBASSY SPOKESMAN SAID THE STATE DEPARTMENT HAS BEEN INFORMED OF BOTH ACTIONS AND THAT PINES IS AN AMERICAN CITIZEN UNTIL AND UNLESS WASHINGTON FORMALLY ACTS ON HIS RENUNCIATION.

PINES SAID HE DECIDED TO RENOUNCE CITIZENSHIP AFTER BECOMING FRUSTRATED IN EFFORTS TO GET A JOB AT ONE OF THE U.S. INSTALLATIONS HERE. THEN HE CHANGED HIS MIND, HE SAID, AFTER THE LOCAL U.S. AID MISSION GAVE HIM A THREE-WEEK TEMPORARY JOB AT \$25 (U.S.) A WEEK WORKING WITH CHINESE EMPLOYEES.

DISCUSSING HIS RENUNCIATION, PINES CHARGED THAT U.S. CONSULATE OFFICIALS "NEVER TRIED TO TALK ME OUT OF IT."

THIS WAS DENIED BY THE EMBASSY SPOKESMAN WHO SAID "HE WAS WARNED SEVERAL TIMES WHAT THIS MIGHT MEAN. THEN HE WAS STALLED OFF UNTIL FINALLY HE CAME IN AND INSISTED ON SIGNING."

PINES SAID HE QUIT A JOB AS A DATA PROCESSING ANALYST AT THE COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM IN NEW YORK CITY AND CAME HERE ONE MONTH AGO "ON THE ASSUMPTION THAT I COULD BE A SELF-APPOINTED SPEAR-

HEAD OF THE PEACE CORPS, LIVING ON THE CHINESE WAGE SCALE AND WORKING WITH THE CHINESE PEOPLE."

PINES SAID HE WAS BORN IN MONTREAL, BUT THAT HIS PARENTS TOOK HIM TO NEW YORK WHEN HE WAS ONE YEAR OLD AND HE WAS NATURALIZED AS AN AMERICAN CITIZEN IN 1936. HE SAID HIS MOTHER IS MRS. IDA PINKOWITZ, 233 EAST FOURTH STREET, LAKEWOOD, N.J., AND THAT HE CHANGED HIS NAME TO IRA PINES FROM ISRAEL PINKOWITZ.

PINES SAID THE TEMPORARY JOB HE GOT, WORKING OUT SYSTEMATIC PROGRAMS FOR CHINESE WHO REPAIR AND MAINTAIN U.S. HOUSES IN TAIPEI, WAS ARRANGED "SO I COULD KEEP BODY AND SOUL TOGETHER" BY WESLEY HARALDSON, CHIEF OF THE INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION IN TAIPEI.

HE SAID HARALDSON ADVANCED HIM \$25 ON HIS PAY, HE PRAISED THE ICA DIRECTOR AS "THE ONLY MAN HERE WHO MADE ME FEEL LIKE I WAS PART OF THE HUMAN RACE."

FF830AES

BB104 (Q-190)

DURHAM, N.C., APRIL 29 (AP)-ASSOCIATE JUSTICE WILLIAM O. DOUGLAS SAID HERE TONIGHT THAT THE UNDERDEVELOPED NATIONS THAT RECEIVED BILLIONS OF DOLLARS IN AMERICAN AID IN THE LAST 15 YEARS "ARE MOSTLY WORSE OFF FOR IT."

JUSTICE DOUGLAS SAID THE BILLIONS SENT ABROAD UNDER THE TRUMAN AND EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATIONS DID NOT BUILD SCHOOLS OR HOSPITALS, BUT ONLY MILITARY BASES, ARMY BARRACKS AND A FEW FACTORIES.

"INSTEAD," HE DECLARED, "THE AID LAUNCHED THE COUNTRIES ON MILITARY PROJECTS THAT GAVE THEM SUCH AN AMOUNT OF ARMAMENT THAT THEY CRUSHED ALL DISSIDENT ELEMENTS. THE RESULT WAS THE LIQUIDATION OF DEMOCRATIC INFLUENCES AND THE ENTRENCHMENT OF FEUDAL OVERLORDS."

DOUGLAS SPOKE AT A BANQUET WHICH CLIMAXED DUKE UNIVERSITY'S OBSERVANCE OF "LAW DAY 1961."

THE JURIST SAID "ONE REASON WHY WE DID THESE FOOLISH AND WASTEFUL THINGS WAS BECAUSE THE PENTAGON WITH ITS \$40 BILLIONS A YEAR DOMINATED OUR THINKING. ANOTHER REASON WAS THAT WE REALLY NEVER BELIEVED IN THE INDEPENDENCE OF NATIONS UNDER COLONIAL REGIMES."

IN SOME COUNTRIES, HE SAID, "THE OVERLORDS BECAME RICH ON AMERICAN AID WHILE THE PEOPLE AT THE BOTTOM STARVED. CONSEQUENTLY, AMERICAN AID ACCENTUATED THE GULF BETWEEN THE RICH AND POOR, HELPING TO CREATE THE VACUUM INTO WHICH THE COMMUNISTS EASILY MOVE."

PS&FS1045PES